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Familiar footballers you might not know once played for Hoffenheim, from Alaba to Firmino Harold Maurice Abrahams (1899-1978 ... one from participating in Saturday competitions and, as a result, the " strict " Jews could never hope to attain international recognition, since at ...

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The Story of the LoraY Mill Strike There was additionally a Chinatown built within the Tower in 1904 and later renamed in 1907 as the Oriental Village and Old China ... to the new competition that the Blackpool Tower Company faced from ...

The Blackpool Tower Circus You may not be familiar with the name Dentsply International, but you ' ve probably used its products under conditions you found less than comfortable (you may have even winced). Dating from 1899 ...

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50 Unexpected Things Made in Each State Arsenal youngster Reis Nelson is faced with a potentially career-defining period this summer, with the England U21 international ... with Bundesliga outfit TSG 1899 Hoffenheim under the wing ...

Decision time for Arsenal youngster Reis Nelson Even its closest allies, the Soviet Union and then China, began to distance ... Jorge Luis Borges (1899 – 1986) was the first transcendent Spanish-writing author from this hemisphere, coming to ...

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Industrial Control & Factory Automation Market worth \$197.8 billion by 2026 - Exclusive Report by MarketsandMarkets™ " When everything is taken into account, and you normalize for the cost of personnel, etcetera, then you will find that the combined budgets of China and Russia do exceed that of the US ...

Russia, China make war-gaming fashionable again in the West 2021 R.G. Manabat & Co., a Philippine partnership and a member-firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member-firms affiliated with KPMG International Ltd., a private English company ...

The rise of privacy-centric solutions Beyond DJI's political difficulties in the US, there are the added factors of increased competition from the ... "facilitating the export of items by China that aid repressive regimes around ...

Should I buy a DJI drone in 2021? It has been 16 months since the last customer dined inside SoHo Chicken + Whiskey (1899 W. 25th St., 216-298-9090) in Ohio City. The restaurant, opened by Nolan Konkoski and Molly Smith in 2011 ...

Soho in Ohio City to Reopen for Dine-In Service Thursday July 22 Bradford beat off stiff competition from Los Angeles, Cannes and Venice to be named the world's first UNESCO City of Film in June 2009. This permanent title gives the city international ...

Premier League and Royal visits - 6 of Bradford's proudest moments At MipTV, StudioCanal announced a robust raft of first sales on Canal Plus Cr é ation Originale " Paris Police 1900, " a high-end, crafted slice of 1899 Parisian Noir. It is handling most of ...

China's recent economic reforms have opened its economy to the world. This policy, however, is not new: in the late nineteenth century, the United States put forward the Open Door Policy as a counter to European exclusive 'spheres of influence' in China. This book, based on extensive original archival research, examines and re-evaluates China's Open Door Policy. It considers the policy from its inception in 1899 right through to the post-1978 reforms. It relates these changes to the various shifts in China ' s international relations, discusses how decades of foreign invasion, civil war and revolution followed the destruction of the policy in the 1920s, and considers how the policy, when applied in Taiwan after 1949, and by Deng Xiaoping in mainland China after 1978, was instrumental in bringing about, respectively, Taiwan's 'economic miracle' and mainland China ' s recent economic boom. The book argues that, although the policy was characterised as United States 'economic imperialism' during the Cold War, in reality it helped China retain its sovereignty and territorial integrity.

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Now in a fully updated edition, this accessible text provides a balanced history of modern China in a global context. The authors focus especially on China ' s culture, warfare, and immediate neighbors and provide a unique comparative approach to bridge the cultural divide separating Chinese history from Western readers trying to understand it.

In this book, Elleman surveys the situation that has led to the current tensions between China and Taiwan. Simply written and cogently argued, it is the ideal source for military personnel, diplomats, and scholars and student of the modern Far East.

An analysis of Japan's industrialization in an international, historical and economic perspective, from the time that her ports were first opened to foreign trade. First published in 1988, this title is part of the Bloomsbury Academic Collections series.

East Asia was a major focus of struggle between the United States and the Soviet Union during the Cold War of 1945 to 1991, with multiple "hot" and "cold" conflicts in China, Korea, and Vietnam. The struggle for predominance in East Asia, however, largely predated the Cold War, as this book shows, with many examples of the United States and Russia/the Soviet Union working to exercise and increase control in the region. The book focuses on secret treaties, 26 of them, signed from the mid-1890s through 1950, when secret agreements between China and the USSR, including several concerning the Chinese Eastern Railway, gave Russia greater control over Manchuria and Outer Mongolia. One of the most important was negotiated in 1945, when Stalin signed the Sino-Soviet Friendship Treaty with Chiang Kai-shek and the Chinese Nationalists, that included a secret protocol granting the Soviet Navy sea control over the Manchurian littorals. This secret protocol excluded the US Navy from landing Nationalist troops at the major Manchurian ports, thereby guaranteeing the Chinese Communist victory in Northeast China; from Manchuria, the Chinese Communists quickly spread south to take all of Mainland China. To a large degree, therefore, this formerly undiscussed secret diplomacy set the underlying conditions for the Cold War in East Asia.

This volume discusses the relationship between economics, geopolitics and regional institutional growth and development in the Asia-Pacific region. How do states (re)define their relationships amid the current global power transition? How do rival actors influence the rules and formation of new institutions for their own benefit? What role will institutions take as independent actors in influencing and constraining the behavior of states? Institutional development in Asia is characterized by idiosyncratic and diverse motivations (both material and non-material), a variety of policy strategies (strategic and norm-based), and the looming question of China ' s future depth of involvement as its economic position becomes more stable and its confidence in foreign affairs grows. The book reflects the broadening definition of Asia by examining multiple perspectives, including Japan, China, South Korea, the United States, Australia, India, Russia, and Taiwan. In addition to state actors, the contributors address several important regional institutions in development such as the ASEAN (+3, +6, and the East Asian Summit), the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), the Asian Development Bank (ADB), existing security alliances, and other bilateral institutions. Ultimately, this volume describes the unique, slow, and diverse growth of a multitude of regional institutions, the complexities of generating cooperation, membership concerns, and competition between states and with existing institutions in the context of China ' s increasing confidence and strength. This book will be of much interest to students of Asian politics, regional security, international organizations, and foreign policy.

China suffers frequently from many types of natural disasters, which have affected the lives of many millions of Chinese. The steps which the Chinese state has taken to prevent disasters, mitigate their consequences, and reconstruct in the aftermath of disasters are therefore key issues. This book examines the single metropolis of Tianjin in northern China, a city which has suffered particularly badly from natural disasters — the great famine of 1958-61, the great flood of 1963 and the great earthquake of 1976. It discusses how the city managed these disasters, what policies and measures were taken to prevent and mitigate disasters, and to promote reconstruction afterwards. It also explores who suffered from and who benefited from the disasters. Overall, the book shows how disaster management was erratic, sometimes managed highly efficiently and in other cases disappointingly delayed and inept. It concludes that, although the Maoist state possessed formidable resources, disaster management was always constrained by other political and economic considerations, and was never an automatic priority.

This book presents a range of new research on British-Chinese relations in the period from Britain ' s first imperial intervention in China up to the 1960s. Topics covered include economic issues such as finance, investment and Chinese labour in British territories, questions of perceptions on both sides, such as British worries about, and exaggeration of, the ' China threat ' , including to India, and British aggression towards, and eventual withdrawal from, China.

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