

The Pharmaceutical Sector In Pakistan

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The Pharmaceutical Sector In Pakistan

The pharmaceutical industry in Pakistan has grown during the past recent decades. At the time of the independence of Pakistan in 1947, there were few production units in the country. Currently Pakistan has more than 800 large volume pharmaceutical formulation units, including those operated by 25 multinationals present in the country.

Pharmaceutical industry in Pakistan - Wikipedia

The pharmaceutical industry in Pakistan is growing at a rapid pace, contributing significantly to the national economy. In the last couple of years, the Pakistani economy has been suffering due to...

Pakistan Healthcare and Pharmaceutical Market Report 2019 ...

There is a big revolution is underway in Pakistan ' s healthcare sector, one that is about to dramatically change not just the sector, but its relative size in the economy. How, and how much, Pakistan

Who will disrupt the Rs500 billion pharmaceutical industry ...

The pharmaceutical industry in Pakistan is the 4th largest in the large-scale manufacturing sector of the country, with an average growth rate (in the past 5 years) higher than that of the automobile, chemical, and electronics industries

The Pharmaceutical Sector In Pakistan

The pharmaceutical sector in Pakistan forms a critical component in the provision of access to essential medicines for its citizens. However, the sector has hitherto been unable to perform efficiently. One illustration of this inefficiency is that the top 100 firms cater to 97% of the market, while there are 650 firms competing for the remaining 3% market share.

Anti-corruption in Pakistan ' s pharmaceutical sector: A ...

Pakistan ' s domestic pharmaceuticals growing faster than MNCs KARACHI: Pakistan ' s domestic pharmaceutical companies have shown cumulative average growth rate (CAGR) of 13.1 percent in the last four years, outperforming multinational companies (MNCs), which observed a CAGR of 9.34 percent, a report prepared by IQVIA noted.

Pakistan ' s domestic pharmaceuticals growing faster than MNCs

The pharmaceutical industry in Pakistan is growing at a rapid pace, contributing significantly to the national economy. In the last couple of years, the Pakistani economy has been suffering due to bad economic conditions and also been under strain due to the war against terrorism.

Healthcare and Pharmaceutical Market in Pakistan

Pakistan Pharma Industry is very vibrant and dynamic comprising more than 700 units. It is a knowledge based industry. It ' s going through a transition phase of modernization to cater local Pharmaceutical requirements and to access more regulated market like Europe and USA.

Home - PPMA Pakistan Pharmaceuticals Manufacturers ...

The pharmaceutical industry in Pakistan has grown during the past recent decades. At the time of the independence of Pakistan in 1947, there were few production units in the country. Currently Pakistan has more than 800 large volume pharmaceutical formulation units, including those operated by 25 multinationals present in the country.

Healthcare in Pakistan - Wikipedia

Investment Opportunities in the Pharmaceutical Sector - Nigeria/Pakistan • PwC June 2014 Although there are over 130 pharmaceutical companies in Nigeria, only 9 are listed on the stock exchange. There is little visibility on the size of the other players.

Investment Opportunities in the Pharmaceutical Sector ...

Pharmaceuticals in Pakistan presently form a USD 3.2 billion industry, growing at a swift 15% annually. The sector has seen massive changes over the past decade, providing essential health care products to citizens and introducing them to revolutionary pharmaceutical preparations.

Pakistan ' s Pharmaceutical Industry

Pakistan is a developing pharmaceutical market, with a large population and economic progress evident, but per capita drug spending was rather low, The Pakistan pharma industry is relatively young in the international markets with an export turnover of over US\$ 100 Million as of 2007.

Pharmaceutical industry of pakistan - SlideShare

Pakistan ' s pharmaceutical industry is currently valued at approximately USD\$3 billion and comprises more than 750 firms. However, the top 50 firms have a market share of 89% and the top 100 firms have a market share of 97%, with the remaining 650 firms surviving on the remaining 3% market share. Meanwhile, prevalence of sub-standard manufactured pharmaceuticals has negative impacts on health and economic outcomes.

Pakistan - ACE

The total pharmaceutical expenditure (TPE) in Pakistan for 2007 was PKR 112,000 million (US\$ 1,844 million). The pharmaceutical expenditure per capita was PKR 683 (US\$ 11.3). The pharmaceutical expenditure accounts for 1.29% of the GDP and makes up 47.28% of the total health expenditure (figure 1).

PAKISTAN - WHO

When looking at Pakistan ' s pharma sector, Dawani and Sayeed found it odd how skewed the structure was. There are 750 firms in Pakistan, but the top 50 firms account for 89% of the market, and the top 100 firms capture 97% of the market. Meanwhile, 650 firms compete for 3% of the market.

Pharmaceuticals in Pakistan: extracting whatever they can ...

" I don ' t see much future for multinationals in the drug sector " Another hurdle for international pharma players in Pakistan is the necessity to have an operational plant. While finished products...

Of crops and drugs - Newspaper - DAWN.COM

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Ufone join hands with AJM Pharma to facilitate people for ...

The pharmaceutical sector of Pakistan is still unhappy as far as government support is concerned despite the recent hike in prices of around 94 lifesaving drugs, which has sparked criticism of the ...

Pakistan has a very vibrant and forward-looking Pharma Industry. At the time of independence in 1947, there was hardly any pharma industry in the country. Today Pakistan has about 400 pharmaceutical manufacturing units including those operated by 25 multinationals present in the country. The Pakistan Pharmaceutical Industry meets around 70% of the country's demand of Finished Medicine. The domestic pharma market, in term of share market is almost evenly divided between the Nationals and the Multinationals (Ahmed & Saeed, 2012).The National pharma industry has shown a progressive growth over the years, particularly over the last one decade. The industry has invested substantially to upgrade itself in the last few years and today the majority industry is following Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP), in accordance with the domestic as well as international Guidance. Currently the industry has the capacity to manufacture a variety of product ranging from simple pills to sophisticated Biotech, Oncology and Value Added Generic compounds (Aamir & Zaman, 2011).Although Pakistan 's pharmaceutical and healthcare sectors are expanding and evolving rapidly, about half the population has no access to modern medicines. Clearly this presents an opportunity, but much more work needs to be done by the government and industry's stakeholders. The value of pharmaceuticals sold in 2007 exceeded US\$1.4bn, which equates to per capita consumption of less than US\$10 per year and value of medicines sold is expected to exceed US\$2.3 B by 2012 (Ahmed et al., 2011).

This paper attempts to evaluate the possible gains and losses arising from the gradual opening up of pharmaceutical trade between India and Pakistan. We explain the comparative advantages of both countries at a disaggregated level, followed by a qualitative analysis of various perceptions and experiences of Pakistan's pharmaceutical manufacturers with respect to trade with India. We find that a gradual opening up of pharmaceutical trade with India may allow Pakistan to enhance the quality of locally produced medicines through raw material, intermediate inputs, knowledge, and skills transfer from India. Pakistan, in the medium to long run, may also be able to diversify its pharmaceutical export base, reduce cost of production and achieve higher competitiveness through the development of value chain linkages with India. Such linkages are important to cater to the projected rise in demand for pharmaceuticals in Pakistan, Afghanistan and abroad.

In recent years, countries of the WHO Eastern Mediterranean Region have made significant achievements in the provision of health services. In the pharmaceutical field, countries have been striving to improve the structures and regulations pertaining to medicines and have progressed in many ways. However, there are still important challenges. The goal of the WHO Good Governance for Medicines program is to improve the situation of medicine regulation and supply. National transparency assessment is the beginning of a process aimed at bringing about desirable and sustainable changes in the governance of the pharmaceutical sector. These reports present the findings of the first phase of the national Good Governance for Medicines program in Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, Pakistan and Syrian Arab Republic.

A comprehensive and granular insight into the challenges of promoting rational medicine, this book serves as an essential resource for health policy makers and researchers interested in national medicines policies. Country-specific chapters have a common format, beginning with an overview of the health system and regulatory and policy environments, before discussing the difficulties in maintaining a medicines supply system, challenges in ensuring access to affordable medicines and issues impacting on rational medicine use. Numerous case studies are also used to highlight key issues and each chapter concludes with country-specific solutions to the issues raised. Written by highly regarded academics, the book includes countries in Africa, Asia, Europe, the Middle East and South America.

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